

Multi-TeV Muon Collider:

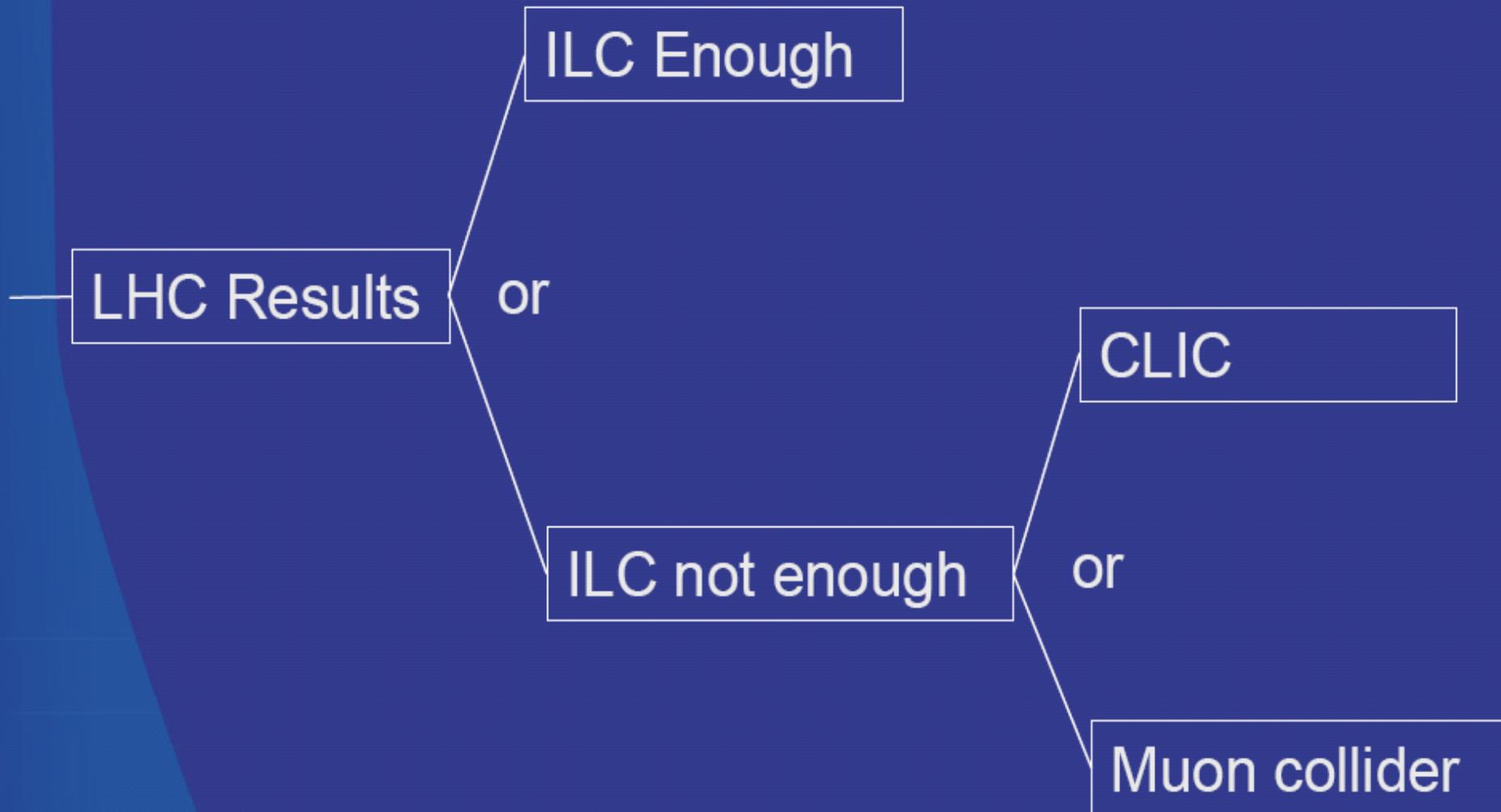
Physics, Backgrounds, Detectors

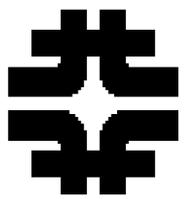
introduction to briefing 06/24/09

Vladimir Shiltsev

Fermilab

The Energy Frontier: Beyond LHC





Muon Collider: Small Footprint

Negligible synchrotron radiation

Acceleration in rings rather than linear

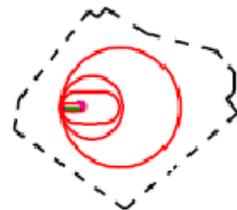
Less RF , very high energy reach $>4\text{TeV}$

Collider as a Ring

collisions over ~ 1000 turns of muon lifetime

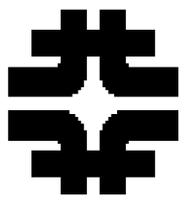
larger spot, easier tolerances, **2 detectors**

CLIC e^+e^- (3TeV)

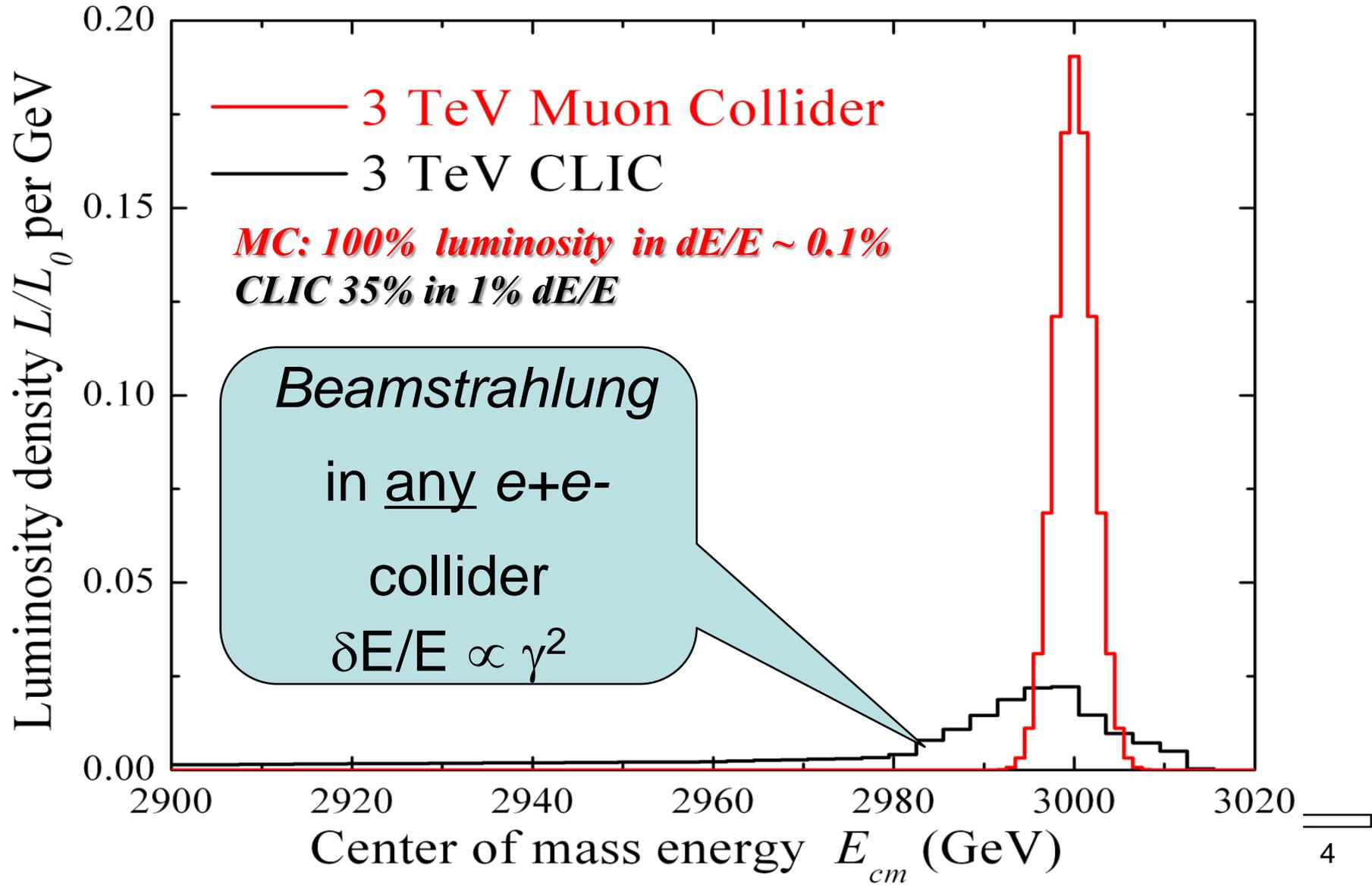


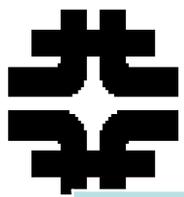
$\mu^+\mu^-$ (4 TeV)

10 km



MC: Superb Energy Resolution



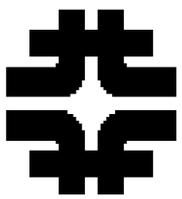


Muon Collider Parameters

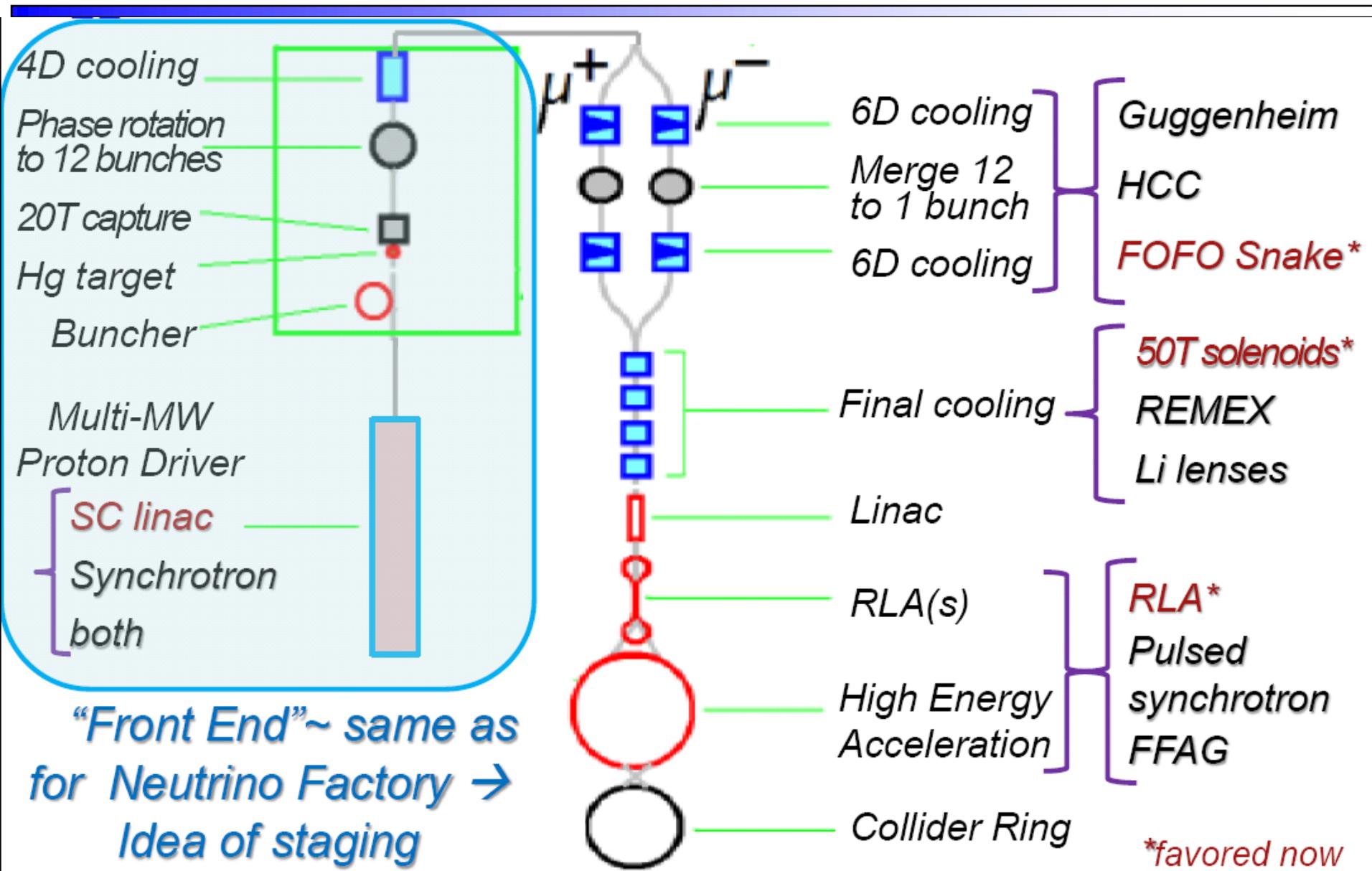
CM Energy	1.5	4	TeV
Luminosity	1	4	$10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
Muons/bunch	2	2	10^{12}
Ring circumf.	3	8.1	km
Beta at IP $\beta^* = \sigma_z$	10	3	mm
dp/p (rms)	0.1	0.12	%
Ring depth*	13	135	m
PD Rep rate	12	6	Hz
PD Power	≈ 4	≈ 2	MW
Transv.emm. ϵ_T^{**}	25	25	$\pi \text{ mm mrad}$
Long. emm. ϵ_L	72,000	72,000	$\pi \text{ mm mrad}$

* *depth for ν radiation keeps off site dose $< 1 \text{ mrem/yr}$*

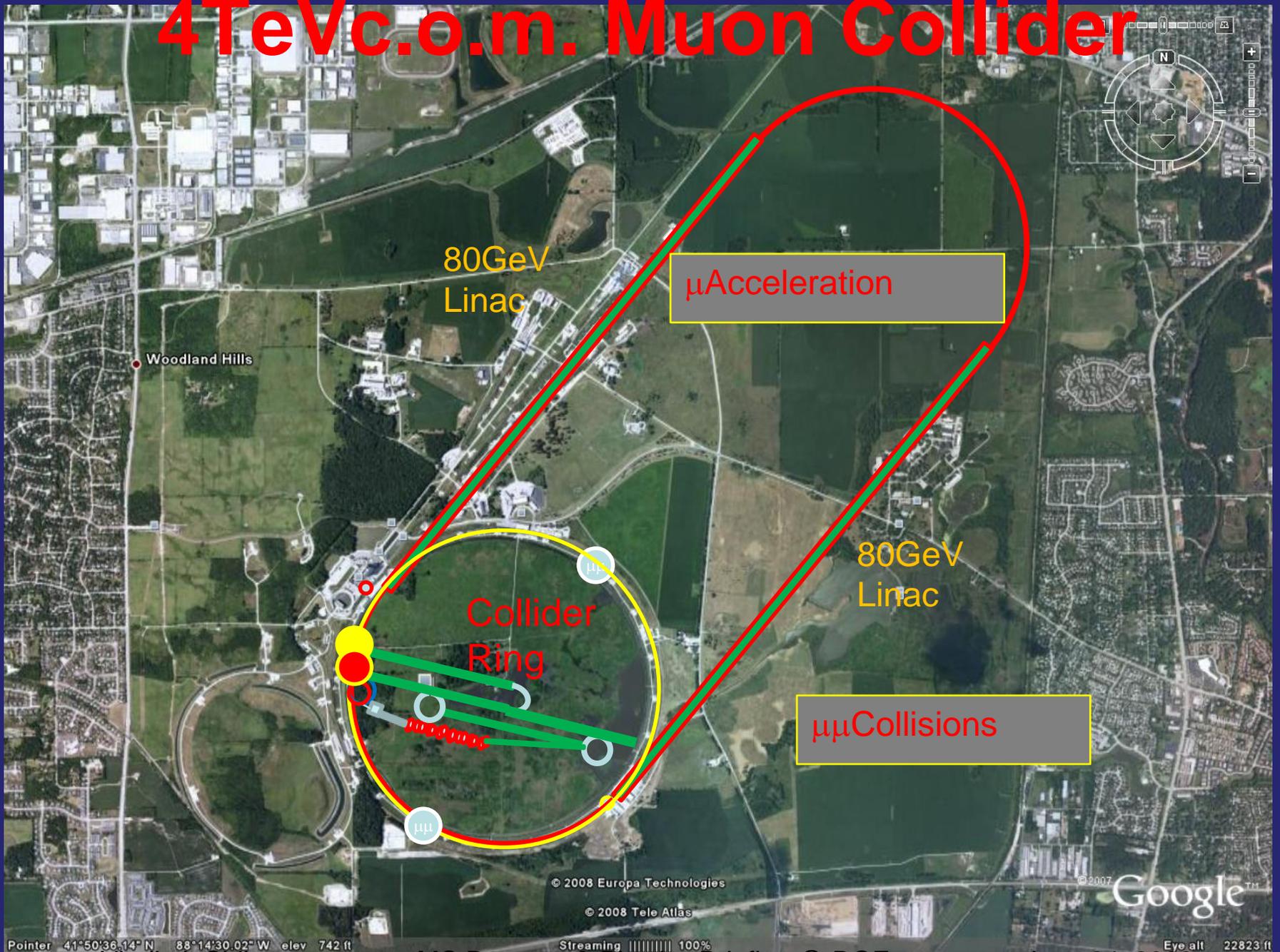
** *lower emittance option is under consideration*

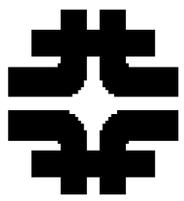


Muon Collider Scheme



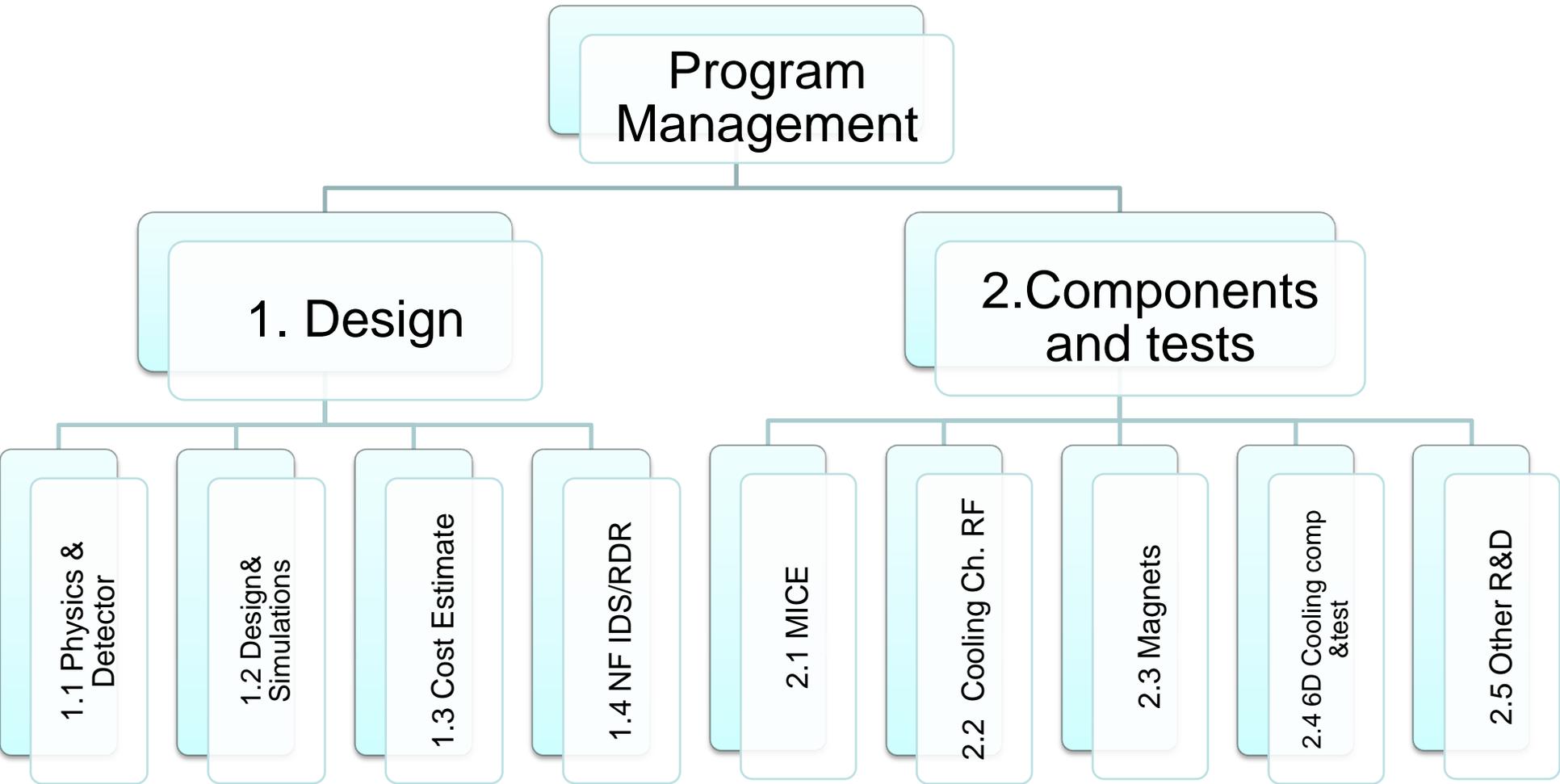
4TeV.c.m. Muon Collider

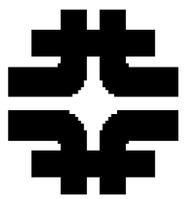




US Muon Accelerator R&D Program

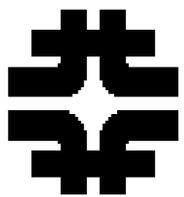
5 yr plan (2009-2013)





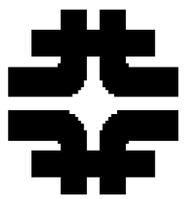
Muon Accelerator R&D Proposal

- ❖ Pulled together by NFMCC and MCTF
- ❖ **Addresses key R&D issues, including**
 - ▲ Maximum RF gradients in magnetic field
 - ▲ High pressure RF tests with ionizing beam
 - ▲ 6D cooling section prototype
 - ▲ Full start-to-end simulations
 - ▲ Proton bunching ring design
 - ▲ Magnet designs for acceleration, collider and HTS
- ❖ **Deliverables by ~2013:**
 - ❖ Muon Collider Feasibility Report and ν -Factory RDR
 - ❖ Results of hardware R&D to make technology choice
 - ❖ Cost estimate
- ❖ **Funding increase needed to ~20M\$/yr (about 3x present level); total cost 90M\$**



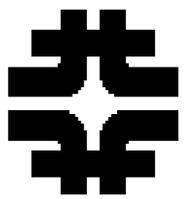
Lepton Colliders Comparison Table

	ILC	MC	CLIC
com Energy TeV	0.5	1.5-4	3
Acceleration feasible (techn.)	~yes	yes by 2013*	yes by 2011
Performance (L) feasible now?	~yes x1/10-1	? x1/1000	? x1/100
Cost : known?	~16B\$	by 2013	by 2011
Hi-Tech length	36km	14-20km	~60km
wall power, MW	230	120-200	380-430
Complexity # of elements	~24,000	~6,000	~220,000



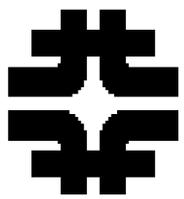
Comparative Summary

- ❖ Physics reach and technical difficulties of the Muon Collider and CLIC are comparable:
 - dE/E vs polarization
 - $>4\text{TeV}$ c.o.m possible with Muon Collider
 - this is the US entry vs European entry on the path to energy frontier
- ❖ Our choice will not be made on base of different physics and detector:
 - that will be cost and risk (both higher for CLIC)



This briefing is about:

- ❖ How we expect to do physics at a muon collider:
 - what are the Physics program options
 - what kind of a detector could we build
 - how would it work in the background of decaying muons.
 - ❖ (the best) desired outcome: you are convinced that the MC detectors to do interesting physics can be built, challenges are understood and R&D plan exists
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Proposed schedule

1. This Introduction - Vladimir Shiltsev (10')
2. Physics at Muon Colliders (low/high energy, low-high luminosity) – Estia Eichten (15')
3. Muon Collider Detector Background (issues, solutions, etc) – Stephen Geer (15')
4. Muon Collider detector R&D (challenges, comparison/synergy with LHC/ILC/CLIC) – Marcel Demarteau (15')
5. Discussion (<1 hr)